

The EU approach to combating child labour



LEGAL FRAMEWORK

- UN Convention on the Rights of the Child and its Optional Protocols
- 2. ILO Convention No. 138 on the Minimum Age for Admission to Employment and Work
- 3. ILO Convention No. 182 on the Worst Forms of Child Labour

Policy Framework

- EU Guidelines on Human Rights
 - EU Guidelines on Children and Armed Conflicts (2003/2008)
 - EU Guidelines on the Rights of the Child (2007)
- European Commission Communication

"A Special Place for Children in EU External Action" (2008)

- Council of the EU Conclusions on children's rights in EU development and humanitarian assistance (2008)
 - Commission Staff Working Paper "Combating Child Labour" (2010) SEC(2010)137-final

General Approach

- Addressing root causes:
 - Poverty
 - Education
 - Social protection
- Comprehensive approach:
 - Involvement of all stakeholders
 - Right mix of policies and programmes
- Stepping up global efforts

Measures to Combat Child Labour

- 1. Development policy/cooperation
- 2. Human rights dialogues
- 3. Enlargement policy
- 4. Trade policy
- 5. Public procurement
- **6.** Corporate Social Responsibility

Examples of EU-funded Programmes

Cooperation with IPEC	 EU is one of major donors to IPEC (\$6.4 mio for 2006-2008) "Tackling Child Labour through Education" – 11 ACP countries (€15 mio joint project) "Combating Abusive Forms of Child Labour" – Pakistan (€5 mio joint project)
European Instrument for Democracy and Human Rights (EIDHR)	 Access to primary education – e.g. in India, Serbia, Armenia, OPT, Educational inclusion of marginalised children – e.g. in Gaza Strip, Haiti, DRC, Vietnam, Monitoring of the ILO Conventions related to children's rights – e.g. Indonesia Awareness-raising campaigns – e.g. in Cambodia, Brazil, Mexico Training programmes – e.g. in Morocco
Investing in People thematic programme	 Prevention and rehabilitation measures for children involved in worst forms of child labour in conflict and post-conflict situations" – Global (€1.1 mio) Future call for proposals for projects on child labour

Challenges

- Holistic approach how to improve coordination, cooperation?
- Implementation of development programmes vs. lack of political commitment of countries concerned and involvement of all stakeholders
- Monitoring of trade instruments, restrictive trade measures vs. development objectives
- The role of CSR. Who is responsible for what?





Thank you